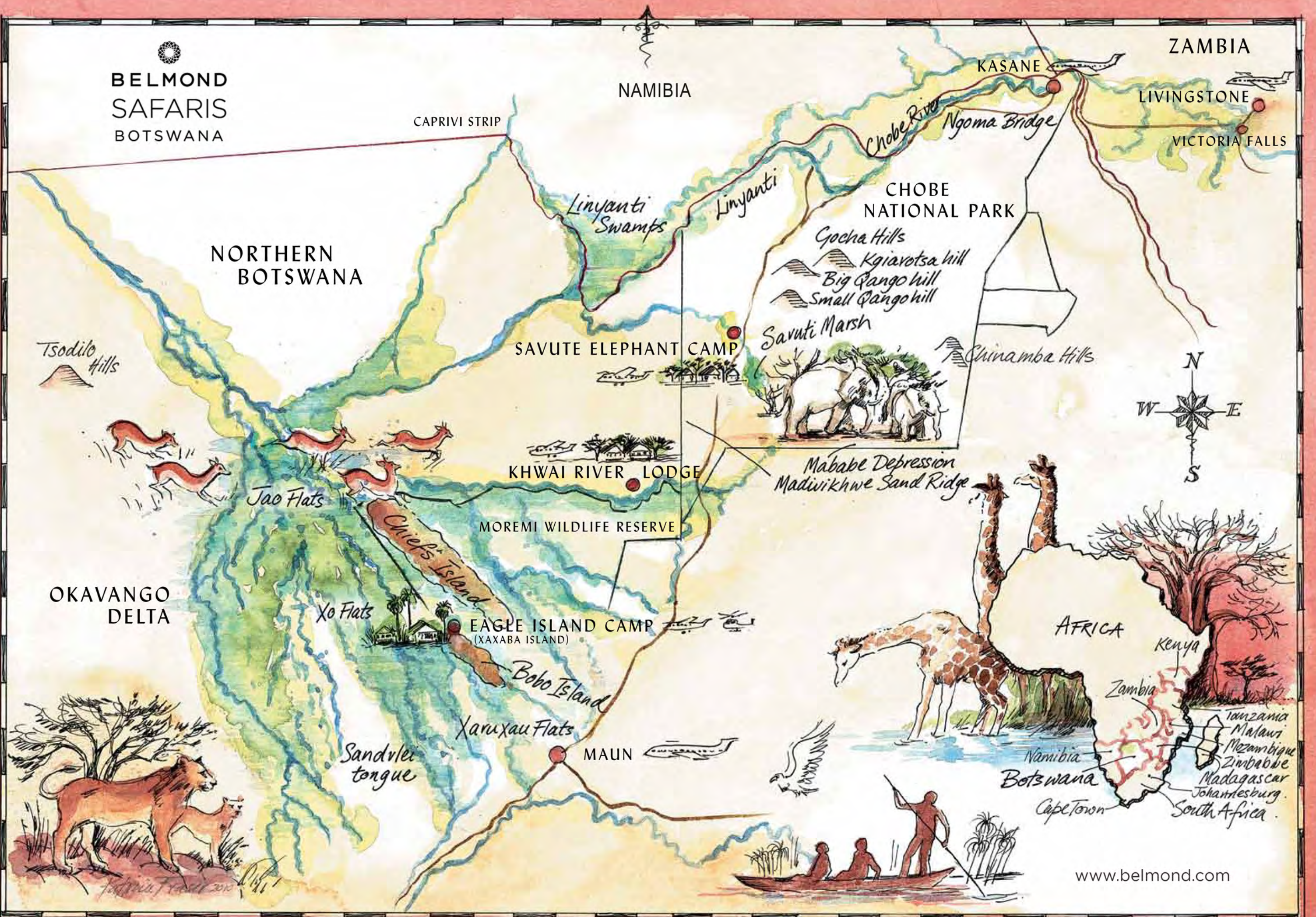



**BELMOND
SAFARIS**
BOTSWANA



NORTHERN BOTSWANA MAP AND SAFARI CALENDAR



JANUARY

The bush is alive with activity.

January is the middle of the rainy season with spectacular afternoon thunderstorms. Daytime temperatures are warm, averaging 86°F (30°C). Night time averages are 68°F (20°C).

- Peak breeding time for many colourful migrant bird species
- Excellent wildflowers and brilliant green foliage abound
- Constant sounds day and night from insects and birds
- Game viewing is average with active predators chasing the fast-developing young of their prey species
- An ideal month for photography enthusiasts with brilliant colours and dramatic skies
- Predators are more easily seen by their prey species and have to work hard for a meal, while prey species enjoy a time of plenty

FEBRUARY

The Okavango Delta is brilliant, noisy and alive.

The rains continue in the form of afternoon thunderstorms with dramatic skies and sounds. Daytime temperatures can reach up to 104°F (40°C) but average around 86°F (30°C). The nights are also warm, averaging 68°F (20°C). There can be both wet and dry spells during this month.

- Ripe figs are eaten by many species including fruit bats, who make interesting night sounds while feeding
- Water lilies are at their flowering peak
- Colourful and noisy reed frogs are abundant
- All plants are growing actively due to the rain
- Butterflies, birds, frogs and small creatures are at their most active
- The giant bullfrog emerges from months and sometimes years of hibernation to indulge in nocturnal feeding frenzies
- The resident game species do not have far to go for water and the young are almost as tall as the adults



MARCH

Visit now and see the migration moving North through the Savute.

Temperatures are still warm both day and night but the air is drier and rains less frequent.

- Witness hundreds of zebra and wildebeest moving through the Savute marshlands
- Hear the calls of the last of the migratory birds before they move to the northern hemisphere
- In Moremi the Marula trees are fruiting which attracts bull elephants who wander from tree to tree in search of their favourite meals
- The start of the rutting leads to the sleek male impala cavorting to attract females

APRIL

The first signs of the changing season appear.

Night time temperatures drop to below 68°F (20°C) on average but daytime temperatures continue to rise up to 104°F (40°C) on some days.

- Cooler morning temperatures with relatively high humidity leads to early morning mist - especially over the water
- The impala rut is in full swing and the impala noise continues right through the night with major clashes between rival males
- Baboons are often seen with impala as they assist with the safety of the preoccupied antelope
- The trees have completed flowering and fruit is ripening over with massive sausages hanging from the Sausage Trees
- The reptiles are actively breeding and feeding in anticipation of the dry spell ahead

MAY

Flood waters from Angola start to reach the top of Okavango Delta and begin their slow, deliberate progress through the Delta.

The rains are over and the nights are cooler with temperatures averaging 59°F (15°C). Daytime temperatures remain warm but have lost their edge with maximum temperatures seldom exceeding 95°F (35°C) - jackets are advisable for night drives.

- The buffalo begin to group into large herds and visit the permanent waterholes more often as the seasonal pans begin to dry
- Breeding herds of elephant increases in density daily as they visit the permanent waters
- Green colours start to fade into the duller dry season colours
- The predators begin to thrive again as their colouring blends in with their surroundings
- Migratory birds begin their arduous flights to winter feeding and breeding grounds



JUNE

Winter - an exciting time in Botswana.

Temperatures have dropped to their coldest by the end of the month with night temperatures reaching as low as 41°F (5°C). It is very cold on early morning and night drives due to wind chill. Daytime temperatures rise up to a comfortable 77°F (25°C) and dusty dry conditions begin to dominate the region.

- The African wild dogs begin to search for their dens. Once they have denned these endangered animals are easy to view for 3 - 4 months
- Some green bushes and trees persist, however most are beginning to lose their leaves
- Animals and their predators now concentrate at the permanent waterholes
- Pans are drying up across the region

JULY

An abundance of animals congregate near the water and floodplains making it a special time of the year.

The nights are still cold but the days are marginally warmer and the weather becomes typical of Botswana - sunny and clear.

- The floods arrive in the Okavango Delta and other areas after a slow path from the wet Angolan highlands thousands of kilometres away
- Water makes its way into areas that were dry the day before
- Mekoro and boat trips become more exciting as new places can now be accessed
- Soft early morning and evening light combines with dust to provide excellent photo opportunities



AUGUST

There is plenty of action around - with patience and perseverance, the rewards are great.

The weather is warming, even at night, with daytime peaks averaging near 86°F (30°C) and night time averages rising to 50°F (10°C).

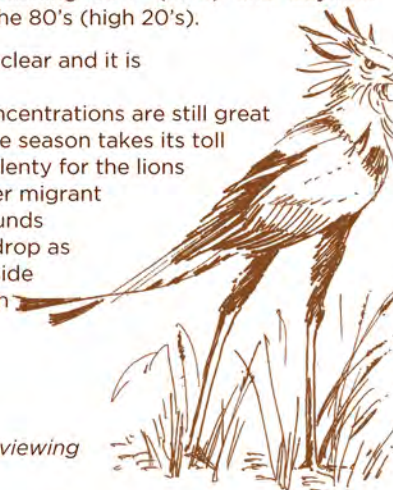
- Animal herds are getting larger
- Limited space near the water leads to tension between breeding herds of elephant
- The nights are filled with elephant sounds
- The bush is bare and dust pervades throughout the region
- Birds such as herons and storks start to concentrate at the Godikwe heronry and begin nest-building
- The floods have passed through the Delta and reach as far south as Maun

SEPTEMBER

The climate has changed again and winter is all but gone.

Night time temperatures rise rapidly within the month and by month's end, with averages reaching 59°F (15°C) and daytime temperatures soaring well into the 80's (high 20's).

- The sun shines, the skies are clear and it is extremely dry
- The elephant and buffalo concentrations are still great
- The predators are busy as the season takes its toll on prey species - a time of plenty for the lions
- Carmine bee-eaters and other migrant birds return from winter grounds
- Water levels slowly start to drop as the waters from Angola subside
- Fish begin to get active again



OCTOBER

Temperatures soar and game viewing is exceptional.

Day time temperatures rise regularly above 104°F (40°C) and nights are warm with averages in the high 60's (high teens Celcius).

- Morning game viewing activities begin very early and night drives depart later to avoid the heat of the day
- The pervading dust makes all scenes dramatic
- Predator chases erupt into clouds of dust as the eternal game of "eat or be eaten" plays out daily on the wide open plains
- There are fishing frenzies with the annual catfish run in the rivers
- The Godikwe heronry is in full activity with thousands of birds breeding and nesting



NOVEMBER

A wonderful time for photographers as there is excellent colour, action and visibility.

Temperatures remain high both day and night.

- Game viewing continues to improve until the day of the first rains, normally around mid November
- The animals all seek an end to the dryness and dust. Once the rain comes, they disperse to feed on the new vegetation and drink from the seasonal pans
- The antelope birthing season begins with tsessebe, followed by impala and lechwe
- Predators seek out the vulnerable young and kill many times a day to get their fill - which means plenty of action
- Trees burst into life and short green grass begins to appear
- Excellent visibility

DECEMBER

The pans remain full and the colours shine in brilliant green.

The rains become more regular with thunderstorms every few days.

- The impala complete their lambing
- The wildebeest finish calving within a few weeks
- Protein-rich grasses feed mother antelopes while the lambs and calves grow at astounding speed
- While grazers enjoy the green, tender mouthfuls, the predators are vigilant. With their winter camouflage making them stand out, they have to work harder for their catch
- The bush becomes denser providing more hiding places from which predators can stalk their prey
- All the migrant birds have returned



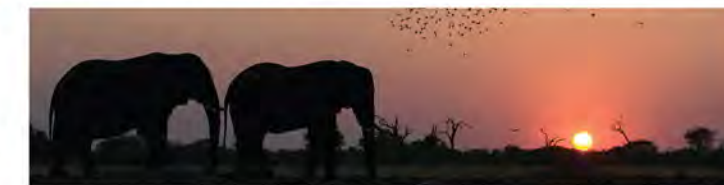
Contact us:

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BELMOND

Belmond owns and operates three luxury safari lodges in Botswana, each situated in a unique and diverse eco-system, giving guests the opportunity to experience a variety of quality safari experiences within one complete itinerary. With large and luxurious accommodation, clients can experience the best of this sought after wilderness combined with the finer luxuries in life. Belmond is also the only cluster of luxury safari lodges in Botswana with air-conditioning, which offers the comfort of cooling during the hot mid-summer months, and warmth during those frosty winter nights.



BELMOND

SAVUTE ELEPHANT LODGE

CHOBE RESERVE

Belmond Savute Elephant Lodge is located in the Chobe National Park - The Elephant Capital of the World! Perched on the banks of the Savute Channel, the lodge offers a spectacular birds eye view of elephants in their natural habitat. Savute is a great lodge for bird lovers with over 250 bird species and most native to this area. Offering two safari drives per day in different areas of the Savute area in which you may encounter lions, wild dogs, leopards, cheetahs, hyenas, as well as rare species of animals such as Roan and Sable Antelope!



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EAGLE ISLAND LODGE

OKAVANGO DELTA

Belmond Eagle Island Lodge is a luxury lodge situated in the heart of the Okavango Delta water system, offering an unsurpassed experience for guests in this magical part of Africa. The majority of our staff are locals to the area making their knowledge and expertise invaluable to your safari experience. With the biggest variety of safari activities to choose from among the Belmond Safari Lodges including motorboat safaris, walking safaris, barge cruises, mekoro (canoe) safaris, fishing, as well as optional helicopter safaris, Belmond Eagle Island Lodge is one of the most sought after lodges in the Delta



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KHWAI RIVER LODGE

MOREMI RESERVE

Belmond Khwai River Lodge lies nestled on the edge of the leadwood and fig tree forests of the Khwai River floodplains. It is also adjacent to the Moremi Wildlife Reserve where an abundance of plains game move freely. The Khwai River floodplains are renowned for their large concentrations of mammals and it is a year round destination for prolific wildlife viewing. Enjoy safari drives in the Moremi Wildlife Reserve or on our private concession, as well as guided safari walks and night safaris.